STATEMENT OF ADVOCATES FOR STUDENTS WITH DISABILITIES ON HB 2170 SFA #2

We, the undersigned, submit this testimony from our perspective as advocates for Illinois students with disabilities. We represent children in every geographic region and demographic group, including rural students, urban students, students of color, English learners, and students from under-resourced homes and communities. HB 2170 is a strong, albeit imperfect, bill, and we support its passage.

Several elements of the bill are particularly beneficial to all students and especially to our students with disabilities:

- The Early Intervention (EI) extension is welcome music to our ears. Right now, EI terminates on a child's third birthday. If the child still needs support but that third birthday falls late in the school year or during the summer, waiting for the new school year to begin means that a critical window for services is lost. HB 2170 guarantees that our young children will continue to receive EI support until the school year begins.
- The recommendations to expand and diversify the Early Childhood pool of educators as well as the general pool of qualified teachers certainly merit our endorsement.
- The requirements that public universities submit their admissions criteria to the Illinois
 State Board of Education (ISBE) for a centralized database and that high schools ensure
 students access to classes that will fulfill those criteria are also worthwhile proposals.
 Too often our students with disabilities are discouraged from enrolling in classes where
 they could be successful with accommodations, and too often these students are not
 even informed about the steps necessary to be successful during college admissions.

As we review Amendment 2, we would like to raise two main concerns:

- Article 5 of Amendment requires a kindergarten readiness assessment. We support the
 idea behind obtaining this benchmark information for incoming kindergarteners as a
 means for preparing appropriate pedagogy. However, English Learners have historically
 been mischaracterized by similar assessments, and the bill provides no guidance on how
 to ensure that EL learners are appropriately assessed. The term "assessment" itself is
 also problematic. In Illinois, parents/guardians must consent to any assessments
 administered to their children. Perhaps the kindergarten readiness tool should be
 relabeled as a screening to better reflect its universal application and purpose.
- The section on literacy and dyslexia has been completely eliminated. Although we had been prepared to offer suggestions for improving that section, we were thrilled to see the topic addressed. The deletion of this section is unfortunate. We hope we will have the opportunity to collaborate with Leader Lightford, the Black Caucus and the General Assembly on drafting literacy legislation as a separate bill.

As we stated in the introduction to our testimony, we support SB 2170. We are grateful to the many individuals and organizations who think daily about increased access and equity for all of our students, and we look forward to future collaboration.

For additional information, please contact Barbara Cohen, <u>bcohen@legalcouncil.org</u>, 773-504-3248.

Sincerely,

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Beverley H. Johns, President, Learning Disabilities Association of Illinois
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